

The Lambrechts–Stanley Model of Configuration Spaces

Najib Idrissi

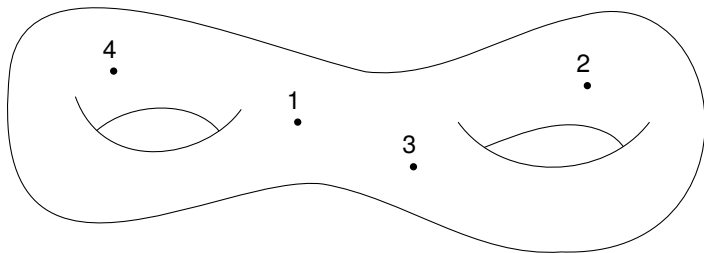


Young Topologists Meeting 2017, Stockholm

What is this all about?

M : n -manifold (+ adjectives) \rightsquigarrow configuration spaces

$$\text{Conf}_k(M) := \{(x_1, \dots, x_k) \in M^k \mid \forall i \neq j, x_i \neq x_j\}$$



The Great Question I

Fact: homeo/diffeomorphism invariance

$$M \cong N \implies \text{Conf}_k(M) \cong \text{Conf}_k(N).$$

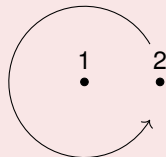
Question₁: homotopy invariance?

$$M \simeq N \stackrel{?}{\implies} \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq \text{Conf}_k(N)?$$

Answer

☹ No! For example:

$$\mathbb{R}^n \simeq \mathbb{R}^m \text{ but } \text{Conf}_2(\mathbb{R}^n) \simeq S^{n-1} \neq S^{m-1}.$$



The Great Question II

In the counterexample: open manifolds of different dimensions

Question₂

For M, N closed, $M \simeq N \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq \text{Conf}_k(N)$?

Answer

☹️ Still no!

Theorem (Longoni & Salvatore, 2005)

$L_{7,1} \simeq L_{7,2}$ but $\text{Conf}_2(L_{7,1}) \not\simeq \text{Conf}_2(L_{7,2})$ (where $L_{p,q} = S^3/(\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})$ are lens spaces)

Still hope: the counterexample isn't simply connected $\pi_1(L_{p,q}) = \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$

Question₃

For M, N closed and simply connected, $M \simeq N \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq \text{Conf}_k(N)$?

Answer

🤖 Nobody knows...

Crash course: rational homotopy theory

Whole homotopy type \rightarrow too much; work over \mathbb{Q} / \mathbb{R} instead

$M \simeq_{\mathbb{Q}} N$ if $M \xleftarrow{f_1} M_1 \xrightarrow{f_2} \dots \xrightarrow{f_n} N$ where $H_*(f_i; \mathbb{Q})$ is an iso ($\Leftrightarrow \pi_*(f) \otimes \mathbb{Q}$ iso)
 \Rightarrow for simply connected spaces, completely encoded in “rational model”:

$A \simeq \Omega^*(M)$ “forms on M ” (e.g. de Rham, piecewise polynomial...)

where A is an “explicit” CDGA (= Commutative Differential Graded Algebra)

From A : can recover $H^*(M; \mathbb{Q})$, \smile , $\pi_*(M) \otimes \mathbb{Q}$, $[-, -]_W$, Massey products...

Question₃ $\otimes \mathbb{Q}$

[Same hypotheses] Does $M \simeq_{\mathbb{Q}} N \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq_{\mathbb{Q}} \text{Conf}_k(N)$?

Some previous results

Some things are known:

1994 [Kriz] rational homotopy invariance for smooth projective complex manifolds

1995 [Levitt] $\Omega\text{Conf}_k(-)$ homotopy invariant for connected compact manifolds

2004 [Aouina & Klein] stable homotopy invariance for connected closed manifolds:

$$M \simeq N \implies \Sigma^s \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq \Sigma^s \text{Conf}_k(N) \text{ for } s \gg 0$$

2004/15 $\text{Conf}_2(-)$ rational homotopy invariant for 2-connected manifolds [Lambrechts & Stanley] and even-dimensional manifolds [Cordova Bulens]

Remark

Similar results for unordered configuration spaces $B_k(M) = \text{Conf}_k(M)/\Sigma_k$

A first version of the theorem

Theorem (I. 2016)

For M and N **smooth**, simply connected, closed manifolds of dimension at least 4:

$$M \simeq_{\mathbb{R}} N \implies \text{Conf}_k(M) \simeq_{\mathbb{R}} \text{Conf}_k(N).$$

$$A \simeq_{\mathbb{R}} B \implies \mathbf{G}_A(k) \simeq_{\mathbb{R}} \mathbf{G}_B(k)$$

In fact: explicit (real) model $\mathbf{G}_A(k)$, conjectured by Lambrechts & Stanley.

Remark

In $\dim \leq 3$, this is clear ($n = 1$: no manifolds; $n = 2$: only S^2 ; $n = 3$: only S^3 by Poincaré conjecture.)

Brief history of G_A

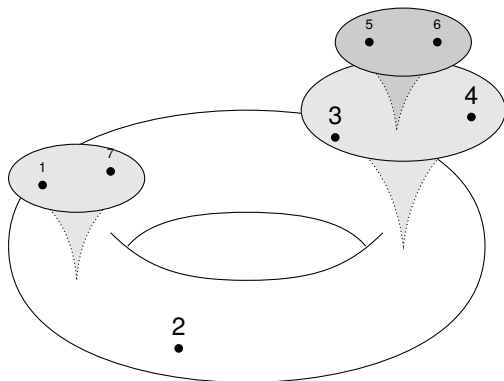
- 1969 [Arnold & Cohen] $H^*(\text{Conf}_k(\mathbb{R}^n)) = \mathbf{G}_{H^*(\mathbb{R}^n)}(k)$ (Not innocuous! Ongoing research j/w P. Lambrechts: compact mfd. w/ boundary)
- 1978 [Cohen & Taylor] $E^2 = \mathbf{G}_{H^*(M)}(k) \implies H^*(\text{Conf}_k(M))$
- 1991 [Bendersky & Gitler] Other spectral sequence, similar techniques
- 1994/6 For smooth projective complex manifolds (\implies Kähler):
- [Kriz] $\mathbf{G}_{H^*(M)}(k)$ model of $\text{Conf}_k(M)$
 - [Totaro] The Cohen & Taylor SS collapses
- 2004 [Lambrechts & Stanley] $\mathbf{G}_A(2) \simeq A^{\otimes 2}/(\Delta_A)$ model of $\text{Conf}_2(M)$ for a 2-connected manifold
- 2004/5 [Félix & Thomas, Berceanu & Markl & Papadima] duality between E^2 pages of Cohen–Taylor & Bendersky–Gitler SS
- 2008 [Lambrechts & Stanley] $H^*(\mathbf{G}_A(k)) \cong_{\Sigma_k\text{-gVect}} H^*(\text{Conf}_k(M))$
- 2015 [Cordova Bulens] $\mathbf{G}_A(2)$ model of $\text{Conf}_2(M)$ for $\dim M = 2m$

How to prove this?

Idea

Study all of $\{\text{Conf}_k(M)\}_{k \geq 0}$ at once: more structure! \rightarrow module over an operad

Fulton–MacPherson compactification $\text{Conf}_k(M) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbf{FM}_M(k)$



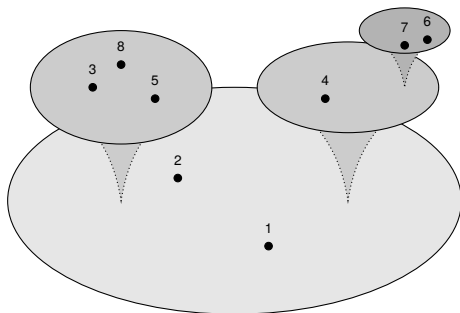
Pretty pictures #1

Pretty pictures #2

Pretty pictures #3

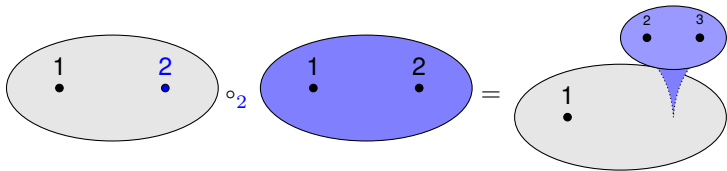
What about Euclidean spaces?

Can also compactify $\text{Conf}_k(\mathbb{R}^n) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Conf}_k(\mathbb{R}^n)/\text{Aff}(\mathbb{R}^n) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}(k)$



(+ normalization to deal with \mathbb{R}^n being noncompact)

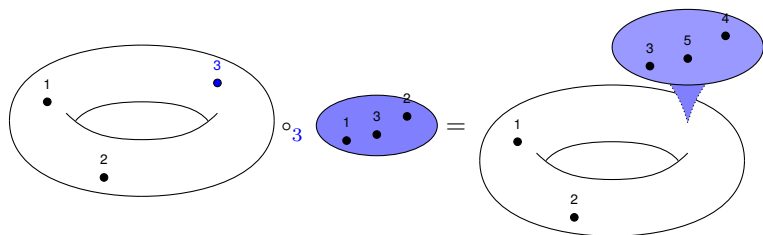
$\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n} = \{\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}(k)\}_{k \geq 0}$ is an **operad**: we can insert an infinitesimal configuration into another



$$\mathbf{FM}_n(k) \times \mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}(l) \xrightarrow{\circ_i} \mathbf{FM}_n(k+l-1), \quad 1 \leq i \leq k$$

Modules over operads

M framed $\implies \text{FM}_M = \{\text{FM}_M(k)\}_{k \geq 0}$ is a **right** $\text{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}$ -**module**: we can insert an infinitesimal configuration into a configuration on M



$$\text{FM}_M(k) \times \text{FM}_n(l) \xrightarrow{\circ_i} \text{FM}_M(k+l-1), \quad 1 \leq i \leq k$$

The proof

Theorem (Kontsevich, Lambrechts and Volić; also different proofs by Tamarkin, and by Fresse and Willwacher)

“Explicit” formality morphisms of operads

$$H^*(\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}) \xleftarrow{\sim} \mathbf{Graphs}_n \xrightarrow{\sim} \Omega_{\text{PA}}^*(\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n})$$

Idea: adapt the proof with *labeled* graph complexes

Theorem (I. 2016, complete version)

Same hypotheses:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{G}_A & \xleftarrow{\sim} & \mathbf{Graphs}_R & \xrightarrow{\sim} & \Omega_{\text{PA}}^*(\mathbf{FM}_M) \\ \circlearrowleft^\dagger & & \circlearrowleft^\dagger & & \circlearrowleft^\ddagger \\ H^*(\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}) & \xleftarrow{\sim} & \mathbf{Graphs}_n & \xrightarrow{\sim} & \Omega_{\text{PA}}^*(\mathbf{FM}_{\mathbb{R}^n}) \end{array}$$

† When $\chi(M) = 0$ ‡ When M is framed

Thanks!

Thank you for your attention!

arXiv:1608.08054

Slides online: <https://idrissi.eu/talk/ytm2017/>