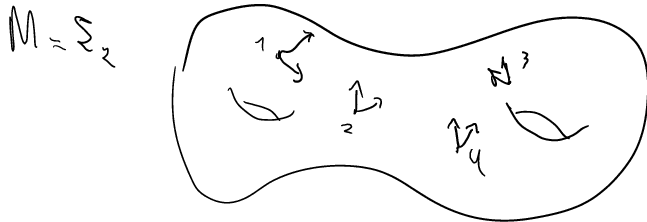
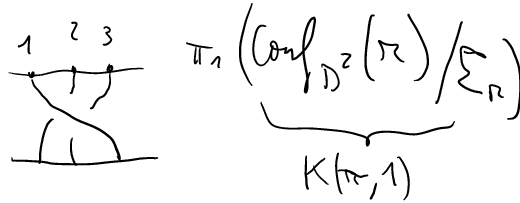


M , manifold $Conf_M(n) = \{z \in M^n \mid \forall i \neq j, z_i \neq z_j\}$



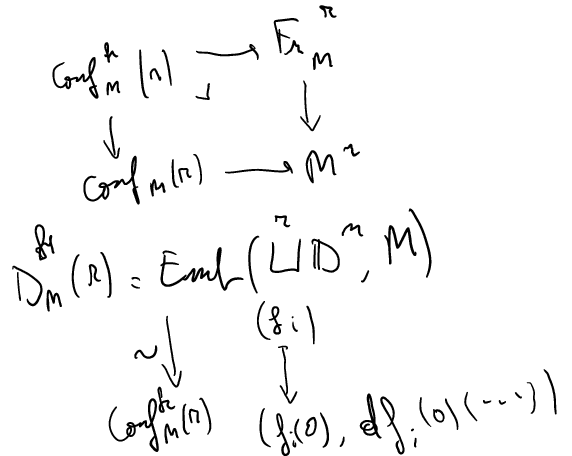
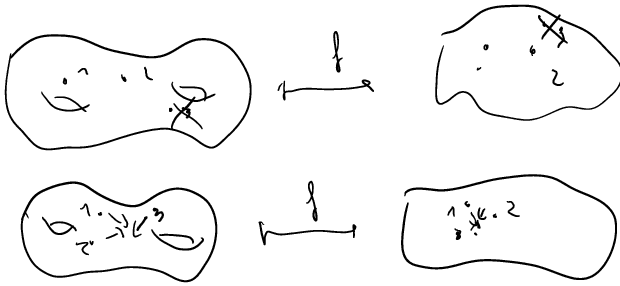
B_n : braid group on n strands



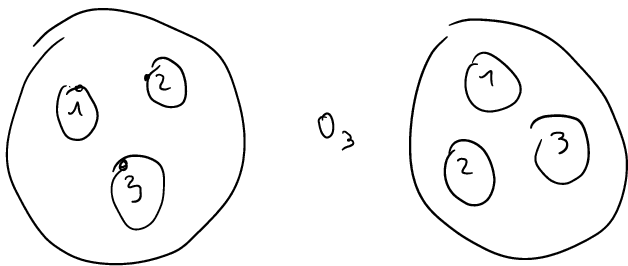
Epstein - Weiss (manifold calculus embedding) $Emb(M, N) = \{f: M \hookrightarrow N\}$

$Emb(M, N) \subset \prod_{R \geq 0} Map(Conf_M^h(n), Conf_N^h(n))$

$f \mapsto (f_R)_{R \geq 0}$



$D_{D^m}^h =: D_m^h$: framed little disks operad



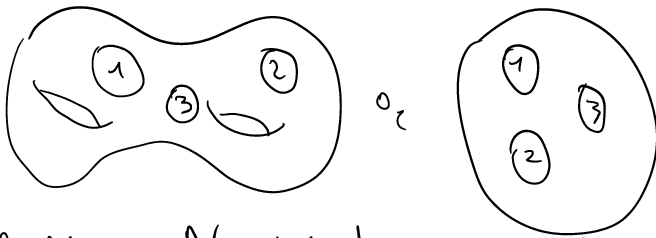
$D_m^h(k) \times D_m^h(l) \rightarrow D_m^h(k+l-1)$

D_M^h is a right module over D_m^h

$D_M^h(k) \times D_m^h(l) \rightarrow D_M^h(k+l-1)$

D_M^r is a right module over D_n

$$D_M^r(k) \times D_n(l) \rightarrow D_M^r(k+l)$$



$f: M \rightarrow N \Rightarrow$ induces a morphism of right $D_{\dim M}^k$ -modules

Thm [Bozida - Weis, Cecchi, Sinha ...]

$\text{Emb}(M, N) \cong \text{IR map}_{D_{\dim M}^k} (D_M^k, D_N^k)$ if $\dim N - \dim M \geq 3$

Rational htpy theory

$f: X \rightarrow Y$ is a rational equivalence if $\pi_* f \otimes \mathbb{Q}$ is an iso

Thm [Sullivan] There is an equiv

- simply connected finite type spaces up to \mathbb{Q} equiv
- simply connected commutative dg-algebras up to quasi-isomorphism

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A^0 = \mathbb{Q} \\ A^1 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{\dim H^*(A) < \infty} \text{CDGA}$$

$$\text{Top} \rightleftharpoons \text{CDGA}$$

$$X \longmapsto \Omega_{PL}^*(X) = \text{piecewise linear forms on } X$$

Goal $\Omega^*(D_{\Sigma_g}^k) \cong \Omega^*(D_{\mathbb{Z}}^k)$?



$$\text{Conf}_{M, r}^k \leftarrow \text{Conf}_M^k(r)$$

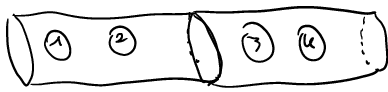
$\downarrow P_1$ fiber bundle
 Fr_M



$$\left\{ S^1 \cup D^2 \cup (S^1 \times R) \cup g \right\} \cong D^2 \setminus \{ \text{some point} \}$$

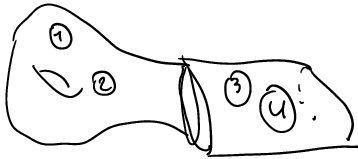
$D_{M, \mathbb{Q}}^k \rightarrow$ monoid (up to homotopy)

$\cdot D_{N \times \mathbb{R}}^h \rightarrow \text{monoid (up to homotopy)}$



$$D_{N \times \mathbb{R}}^h(k) \times D_{N \times \mathbb{R}}^h(l) \rightarrow D_{N \times \mathbb{R}}^h(k+l)$$

\cdot if $\partial M = N$ then D_M^h is a right module over the monoid



\cdot if $\partial M = \partial M' = N$

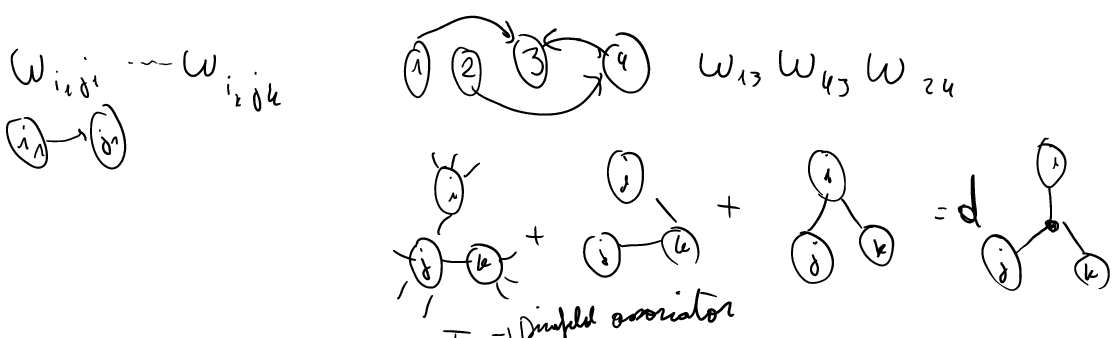
$$D_{M \cup M'}^h \simeq D_M^h \otimes_{D_{N \times \mathbb{R}}^h} D_{M'}^h$$

Thm [Kontsevich, Turaev] The operad D_2 is formal

i.e. $H^*(D_2; \mathbb{R}) \simeq S_{PL}^*(D_2)$

[K] $H^*(D_m) \xleftarrow{\sim} \text{Graphs}_m \xrightarrow{\sim} S^*(D_m)$

$$H^*(D_m(n)) = S(w_{ij})_{\substack{i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\} \\ \text{diag } m-1}} \left(\begin{array}{l} w_{ji} = (-1)^{|j|} w_{ij} \\ w_{ii}^2 = 0 \\ w_{ij} w_{jk} + w_{jk} w_{ki} + w_{ki} w_{ij} \end{array} \right)$$



(I) $H^*(D_2) \xleftarrow{\sim} C_{CE}^*(t) \xrightarrow{\overline{D}} S^*(N.P.A.) \simeq S^*(D_2)$

\uparrow
Dimpled-Kohno Lie algebra

$\sum_{\wedge}^2 t_{12} \mapsto e$

$\begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \diagdown & \diagup & \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \rightsquigarrow \overline{D}(t_{12}, t_{23})$

[Serre] D_2^h is formal
(Ginzburg-Schubert)

Thm [Ciw] D_2^h is formal as a cyclic operad

Thm (CIW) We have an explicit model for $D_{\Sigma_g}^h$:

$$G_{\Sigma_g}^h(\Lambda) = \frac{S(\omega_{ij})_{1 \leq i \neq j \leq n} \otimes S(\alpha_1^i \dots \alpha_j^i \beta_1^i \dots \beta_g^i)_{1 \leq i \leq n} \otimes S(\theta_i)_{1 \leq i \leq n}}$$

(Previous relations for ω_{ij})

$$\alpha_k^i \omega_{ij} = \alpha_k^j \omega_{ij} \quad \beta_k^i \omega_{ij} = \beta_k^j \omega_{ij} \quad \theta_i \omega_{ij} = \omega_{ij} \theta_j$$

$$\alpha_k^i \beta_k^i = \alpha_l^i \beta_l^i \quad d\omega_{ij} = \text{diagonal class } \Delta_{ij} \quad d\theta_i = (c - 2g) \text{ vol}_i$$

$$H^1 G_{\Sigma_g}^h \leftarrow \text{Graphs}_{\Sigma_g}^h \xrightarrow{\omega} \bigotimes_{i,j} \Delta_{ij} \dots \simeq \Omega^1(D_{\Sigma_g}^h)$$

$$C_*^{CE}(H^{2-g}(\Sigma_g) \otimes \text{Lie}_n[1-n])$$

$$H^* \rightarrow \Omega^*$$